Altivar 61

Installation manual

Retain for future use

Variable speed drives for asynchronous motors

0.37 (0.5 HP) ... 45 KW (60 HP)/200 - 240V 0.75 (1 HP) ... 75 KW (100 HP)/380 - 480V







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Read and understand these instructions before performing any procedure with this drive.

DANGER

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE

- Read and understand this manual before installing or operating the Altivar 61 drive.
 Installation, adjustment, repair, and maintenance must be performed by qualified personnel.
- The user is responsible for compliance with all international and national electrical standards in force concerning protective grounding of all equipment.
- Many parts of this variable speed drive, including the printed circuit boards, operate at the line voltage. DO NOT TOUCH.
 Use only electrically insulated tools.
- DO NOT touch unshielded components or terminal strip screw connections with voltage present.
- DO NOT short across terminals PA and PC or across the DC bus capacitors.
- Install and close all the covers before applying power or starting and stopping the drive.
- · Before servicing the variable speed drive:
 - Disconnect all power.
 - Place a "DO NOT TURN ON" label on the variable speed drive disconnect.
 - Lock the disconnect in the open position.
- Disconnect all power including external control power that may be present before servicing the drive. WAIT 15 MINUTES to allow the DC bus capacitors to discharge. Then follow the DC bus voltage measurement procedure on page 16 to verify that the DC voltage is less than 45 V. The drive LEDs are not accurate indicators of the absence of DC bus voltage.

Electric shock will result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

IMPROPER DRIVE OPERATION

- If the drive is not turned on for a long period, the performance of its electrolytic capacitors will be reduced.
- If it is stopped for a prolonged period, turn the drive on every two years for at least 5
 hours to restore the performance of the capacitors, then check its operation. It is
 recommended that the drive is not connected directly to the line voltage. The voltage
 should be increased gradually using an adjustable AC source.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

INSTALLATION

■ 1 Take delivery of the drive

- ☐ Check that the catalog number printed on the label is the same as that on the purchase order
- □ Remove the Altivar from its packaging and check that it has not been damaged in transit

■ 2 Check the line voltage

□ Check that the line voltage is compatible with the voltage range of the drive (see pages 8 and 9)

Steps 1 to 4 must be performed with the power off

■ 3 Mount the drive

- Mount the drive in accordance with the instructions in this document
- □ Install any internal and external options

■ 4 Wire the drive

- ☐ Connect the motor, ensuring that its connections correspond to the voltage
- □ Connect the line supply, after making sure that it is turned off
- □ Connect the control
- □ Connect the speed reference



PROGRAMMING

☐ 1 Please refer to the programming manual

Preliminary recommendations

Handling/storage

To protect the drive prior to installation, handle and store the device in its packaging. Ensure that the ambient conditions are acceptable.



WARNING

DAMAGED PACKAGING

If the packaging appears damaged, it can be dangerous to open it or handle it. Take precautions against all risks when performing this operation.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.



WARNING

DAMAGED EQUIPMENT

Do not operate or install any drive that appears damaged.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.

Handling on installation



ALTIVAR 61 drives up to ratings ATV61HD15M3X and ATV61HD18N4 can be removed from their packaging and installed without a handling device.

A hoist must be used for higher ratings; for this reason they are fitted with handling "lugs". The following recommendations must be observed.

Preliminary recommendations

Recommendations

Read and understand the instructions in the Programming Manual.

CAUTION

INCOMPATIBLE LINE VOLTAGE

Before turning on and configuring the drive, ensure that the line voltage is compatible with the supply voltage range shown on the drive nameplate. The drive may be damaged if the line voltage is not compatible.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

DANGER

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- . Before turning on and configuring the Altivar 61, check that the PWR (POWER REMOVAL) input is deactivated (at state 0) in order to prevent unintended operation.
- Before turning the drive on or on exiting the configuration menus, check that the inputs assigned to the run command are deactivated (at state 0) since they can cause the motor to start immediately.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.



If the safety of personnel requires the prohibition of unwanted or unintended starts, electronic locking is performed by the Altivar 61's Power Removal function.

This function requires the use of connection diagrams conforming to category 3 of standard EN 954-1 and safety integrity level 2 according to IEC/EN 61508.

The Power Removal function takes priority over any run command.

Drive ratings

Single-phase supply voltage: 200...240 V 50/60 Hz

Three-phase motor 200...240 V

Motor		Line supply (input)			Drive (out	put)	Altivar 61		
Power indicated on plate (1)		Max. line c	urrent (2)	Max.	Apparent power	Max. inrush	Max.	Max. transient	Catalog number (5)
		at 200 V	at 240 V	prospective line lsc		current (3)	available nominal current In (1)	current for 60 s (1)	
kW	HP	Α	Α	kA	kVA	Α	Α	A	
0.37	0.5	6.9	5.8	5	1.4	9.6	3	3.6	ATV61H075M3(4)
0.75	1	12	9.9	5	2.4	9.6	4.8	5.7	ATV61HU15M3(4)
1.5	2	18.2	15.7	5	3.7	9.6	8	9.6	ATV61HU22M3(4)
2.2	3	25.9	22.1	5	5.3	9.6	11.0	13.2	ATV61HU30M3(4)
3	-	25.9	22	5	5.3	9.6	13.7	16.4	ATV61HU40M3(4)(6)
4	5	34.9	29.9	22	7	9.6	17.5	21	ATV61HU55M3(4)(6)
5.5	7.5	47.3	40.1	22	9.5	23.4	27.5	33	ATV61HU75M3(4)(6)

Three-phase supply voltage: 200...240 V 50/60 Hz

Three-phase motor 200...240 V

Motor		Line supp	oly (input)			Drive (out	put)	Altivar 61	
Power on plat	indicated e (1)	Max. line of at 200 V	current (2) at 240 V	Max. prospective line Isc	Apparent power	Max. inrush current (3)	Max. available nominal current In (1)	Max. transient current for 60 s (1)	Catalog number (5)
kW	HP	Α	Α	kA	kVA	Α	Α	A	
0.75	1	6.1	5.3	5	2.2	9.6	4.8	5.7	ATV61H075M3(4)
1.5	2	11.3	9.6	5	4	9.6	8	9.6	ATV61HU15M3(4)
2.2	3	15	12.8	5	5.3	9.6	11	13.2	ATV61HU22M3(4)
3	-	19.3	16.4	5	6.8	9.6	13.7	16.4	ATV61HU30M3(4)
4	5	25.8	22.9	5	9.2	9.6	17.5	21	ATV61HU40M3(4)
5.5	7.5	35	30.8	22	12.4	23.4	27.5	33	ATV61HU55M3(4)
7.5	10	45	39.4	22	15.9	23.4	33	39.6	ATV61HU75M3(4)
11	15	53.3	45.8	22	18.8	93.6	54	64.8	ATV61HD11M3X(4)
15	20	71.7	61.6	22	25.1	93.6	66	79.2	ATV61HD15M3X(4)
18.5	25	77	69	22	27.7	100	75	90	ATV61HD18M3X
22	30	88	80	22	32	100	88	105.6	ATV61HD22M3X
30	40	124	110	22	42.4	250	120	144	ATV61HD30M3X
37	50	141	127	22	51	250	144	173	ATV61HD37M3X
45	60	167	147	22	65	250	176	211	ATV61HD45M3X

⁽¹⁾ These power ratings and currents are given for an ambient temperature of 50°C (122°F) at the factory-set switching frequency, used in continuous operation (factory-set switching frequency of 4 kHz for ATV61H 075M3 to D15M3X and 2.5 kHz for ATV61H D18M3X to D45M3X).

Above this factory setting, the drive will reduce the switching frequency automatically in the event of excessive temperature rise. For continuous operation above the factory setting, derating must be applied to the drive nominal current in accordance with the curves on page 12

- (2) Current on a line supply with the "Max. prospective line Isc" indicated and for a drive without any external options.
- (3) Peak current on power-up for the max. voltage (240 V +10%).

(6) A line choke must be used (please refer to the catalog).

Inhibit the input phase loss fault (IPL) so that ATV61H 075M3 to U75M3 drives can operate on a single-phase supply (see the Programming Manual). If this fault is set to its factory configuration, the drive will stay locked in fault mode.

⁽⁴⁾ ATV61H 075M3 to D15M3X drives are available with or without a graphic display terminal. Catalog numbers for drives without a graphic display terminal have the letter Z added at the end, e.g.: ATV61H075M3Z. This option is not available for drives operating in difficult environmental conditions (5).

⁽⁵⁾ Drives with the S337 or 337 extension are designed for use in difficult environmental conditions (class 3C2 in accordance with IEC 721-3-3). They are supplied with a graphic display terminal.

Drive ratings

Three-phase supply voltage: 380...480 V 50/60 Hz

Three-phase motor 380...480 V

Motor		Line supply (input)			Drive (out	put)	Altivar 61			
Power i	indicated e (1)	Max. line c	eurrent (2)	Max. prospective line Isc	Apparent power	Max. inrush current (3)	Max. availa current In	able nominal (1)	Max. transient current for 60 s (1)	Catalog number (5)
		at 380 V	at 480 V	_			at 380 V	at 460 V	=	
kW	HP	Α	Α	kA	kVA	Α	Α	Α	Α	
0.75	1	3.7	3	5	2.4	19.2	2.3	2.1	2.7	ATV61H075N4(4)
1.5	2	5.8	5.3	5	4.1	19.2	4.1	3.4	4.9	ATV61HU15N4(4)
2.2	3	8.2	7.1	5	5.6	19.2	5.8	4.8	6.9	ATV61HU22N4(4)
3	-	10.7	9	5	7.2	19.2	7.8	6.2	9.3	ATV61HU30N4(4)
4	5	14.1	11.5	5	9.4	19.2	10.5	7.6	12.6	ATV61HU40N4(4)
5.5	7.5	20.3	17	22	13.7	46.7	14.3	11	17.1	ATV61HU55N4(4)
7.5	10	27	22.2	22	18.1	46.7	17.6	14	21.1	ATV61HU75N4(4)
11	15	36.6	30	22	24.5	93.4	27.7	21	33.2	ATV61HD11N4(4)
15	20	48	39	22	32	93.4	33	27	39.6	ATV61HD15N4(4)
18.5	25	45.5	37.5	22	30.5	93.4	41	34	49.2	ATV61HD18N4
22	30	50	42	22	33	75	48	40	57.6	ATV61HD22N4
30	40	66	56	22	44.7	90	66	52	79.2	ATV61HD30N4
37	50	84	69	22	55.7	90	79	65	94.8	ATV61HD37N4
45	60	104	85	22	62.7	200	94	77	112.8	ATV61HD45N4
55	75	120	101	22	81.8	200	116	96	139	ATV61HD55N4
75	100	167	137	22	110	200	160	124	192	ATV61HD75N4

⁽¹⁾ These power ratings and currents are given for an ambient temperature of 50°C (122°F) at the factory-set switching frequency, used in continuous operation (factory-set switching frequency of 4 kHz for ATV61H 075N4 to D30N4 drives, and 2.5 kHz for ATV61H D37N4 to D75N4).

Above this factory setting, the drive will reduce the switching frequency automatically in the event of excessive temperature rise. For continuous operation above the factory setting, derating must be applied to the drive nominal current in accordance with the curves on page 12.

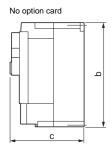
- (2) Current on a line supply with the "Max. prospective line Isc" indicated and for a drive without any external options.
- (3) Peak current on power-up for the max. voltage (480 V +10%).

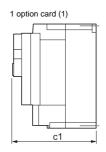
⁽⁴⁾ ATV61H 075N4 to D15N4 drives are available with or without a graphic display terminal. Catalog numbers for drives without a graphic display terminal have the letter Z added at the end, e.g.: ATV61H075N4Z. This option is not available for drives operating in difficult environmental conditions (5).

⁽⁵⁾ Drives with the S337 or 337 extension are designed for use in difficult environmental conditions (class 3C2 in accordance with IEC 721-3-3). They are supplied with a graphic display terminal.

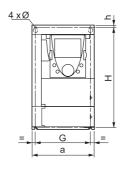
Dimensions and weights

With graphic display terminal



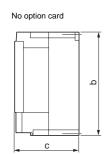


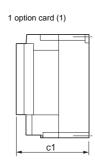


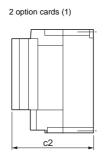


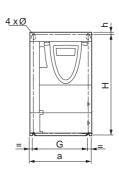
ATV61H	а	b	С	c1	c2	G	Н	h	Ø	For	Weight
	mm	mm	mm	screws	kg						
	(in.)	(in.)	(in.)		(lb.)						
075M3, U15M3,	130	230	175	198	221	113.5	220	5	5	M4	3
075N4, U15N4,U22N4	(5.12)	(9.05)	(6.89)	(7.80)	(8.70)	(4.47)	(8.66)	(0.20)	(0.20)		(6.61)
U22M3, U30M3, U40M3,	155	260	187	210	233	138	249	4	5	M4	4
U30N4, U40N4	(6.10)	(10.23)	(7.36)	(8.27)	(9.17)	(5.43)	(9.80)	(0.16)	(0.20)		(8.82)
U55M3, U55N4, U75N4	175	295	187	210	233	158	283	6	5	M4	5.5
	(6.89)	(11.61)	(7.36)	(8.27)	(9.17)	(6.22)	(11.14)	(0.24)	(0.20)		(12.13)
U75M3, D11N4	210	295	213	236	259	190	283	6	6	M5	7
	(8.27)	(11.61)	(8.39)	(9.29)	(10.20)	(7.48)	(11.14)	(0.24)	(0.24)		(15.43)
D11M3X, D15M3X,	230	400	213	236	259	210	386	8	6	M5	9
D15N4, D18N4	(9.05)	(15.75)	(8.39)	(9.29)	(10.20)	(8.26)	(15.20)	(0.31)	(0.24)		(19.84)
D18M3X, D22M3X, D22N4	240	420	236	259	282	206	403	11	6	M5	30
	(9.45)	(16.54)	(9.29)	(10.20)	(11.10)	(8.11)	(15.87)	(0.45)	(0.24)		(66.14)
D30N4, D37N4	240	550	266	289	312	206	531.5	. 11	6	M5	37
	(9.45)	(21.65)	(10.47)	(11.38)	(12.28)	(8.11)	(20.93)	(0.45)	(0.24)		(81.57)
D30M3X, D37M3X, D45M3X	320	550	266	289	312	280	524	20	9	M8	37
	(12.60)	(21.65)	(10.47)	(11.38)	(12.28)	(11.02)	(20.93)	(0.79)	(0.35)		(81.57)
D45N4, D55N4, D75N4	320	630	290	313	334	280	604.5	15	9	M8	45
	(12.60)	(24.80)	(11.42)	(12.32)	(13.15)	(11.02)	(23.80)	(0.59)	(0.35)		(99.21)

Without graphic display terminal





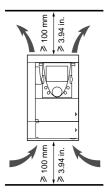




For a drive without a graphic display terminal, dimensions c, c1 and c2 in the table above are reduced by 26 mm (1.01 in.). The other dimensions are unchanged.

(1) For the addition of I/O extension cards, communication cards, or the "Controller Inside" programmable card.

Mounting and temperature conditions



Install the drive vertically at ± 10°.

Do not place it close to heating elements.

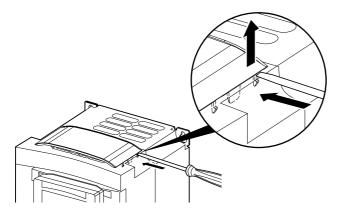
Leave sufficient free space to ensure that the air required for cooling purposes can circulate from the bottom to the top of the unit.

Free space in front of the drive: 10 mm (0.39 in.) minimum

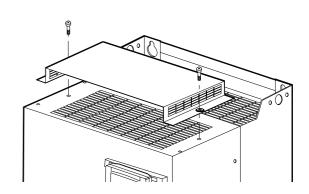
When IP20 protection is adequate, it is recommended that the protective cover on the top of the drive is removed as shown below.

Removing the protective cover

ATV61H 075M3 to D15M3X and ATV61H 075N4 to D18N4



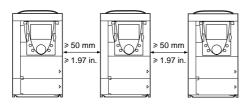
ATV61H D18M3X to D45M3X and ATV61H D22N4 to D75N4



2 types of mounting are possible:

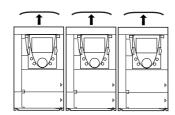
Type A mounting

Free space \geq 50 mm (\geq 1.97 in.) on each side, with protective cover fitted



Type B mounting

Drives mounted side by side, with the protective cover removed (the degree of protection becomes IP20)

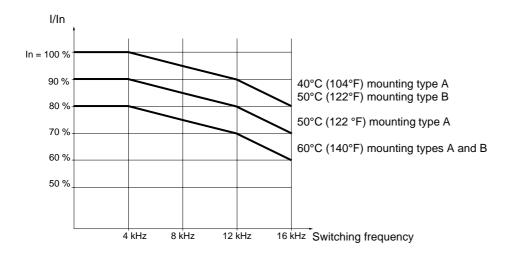


Mounting and temperature conditions

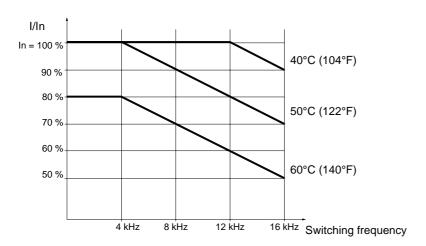
Derating curves

Derating curves for the drive current In as a function of the temperature, switching frequency and type of mounting.

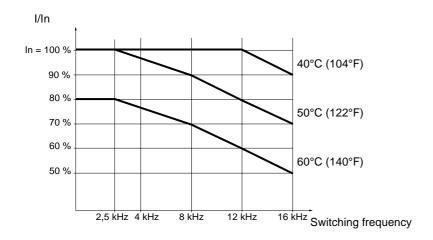
ATV61H 075M3 to D15M3X and ATV61H 075N4 to D18N4



ATV61H D22N4 and ATV61H D30N4



ATV61H D18M3X to D45M3X and ATV61H D37N4 to D75N4

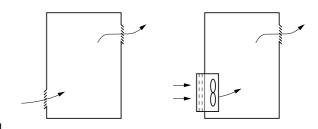


For intermediate temperatures (e.g. 55°C (131°F)), interpolate between 2 curves.

Mounting in a wall-mounted or floor-standing enclosure

Follow the mounting recommendations on the previous pages. To ensure good air circulation in the drive:

- Use ventilation grilles
- Ensure that the ventilation is adequate: if not, install forced ventilation with a filter
- Use special IP54 filters



Dust and damp proof metal wall-mounted or floor-standing enclosure (IP 54 degree of protection)

The drive must be mounted in a dust and damp proof enclosure in certain environmental conditions: dust, corrosive gases, high humidity with risk of condensation and dripping water, splashing liquid, etc.

To avoid hot spots in the drive, add a fan to circulate the air inside the enclosure, catalog number VW3 A9 4. (see catalog).

Mounting the drive in the enclosure

Dissipated power

These power ratings are given for operation at nominal load and for the factory-set switching frequency.

ATV61H	Dissipated power (1)					
	W					
075M3	66					
U15M3	101					
U22M3	122					
U30M3	154					
U40M3	191					
U55M3	293					
U75M3	363					
D11M3X	566					
D15M3X	620					
D18M3X	799					
D22M3X	865					
D30M3X	1134					
D37M3X	1337					
D45M3X	1567					

ATV61H	Dissipated power (1)
	W
075N4	44
U15N4	64
U22N4	87
U30N4	114
U40N4	144
U55N4	178
U75N4	217
D11N4	320
D15N4	392
D18N4	486
D22N4	717
D30N4	976
D37N4	1174
D45N4	1360
D55N4	1559
D75N4	2326

⁽¹⁾ Add 7W to this value for each option card added

Ensure that the flow of air in the enclosure is at least equal to the value given in the table below for each drive.

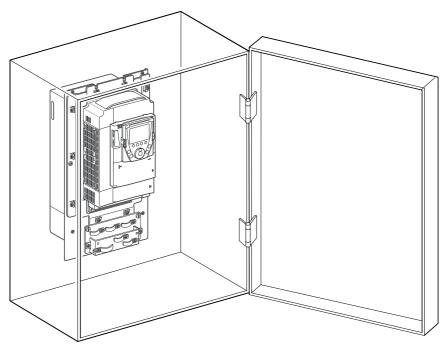
ATV61H	Flow rate				
	m ³ /hour	ft ³ /min			
075M3, U15M3, 075N4, U15N4, U22N4	17	10			
U22M3, U30M3, U40M3, U30N4, U40N4	56	33			
U55M3, U55N4, U75N4	112	66			
U75M3, D11N4	163	96			
D11M3X, D15M3X, D15N4, D18N4	252	148			
D18M3X, D22M3X, D22N4	203	119			
D30N4, D37N4	203	119			
D30M3X, D37M3X, D45M3X	406	239			
D45N4, D55N4, D75N4	406	239			

Mounting in a wall-mounted or floor-standing enclosure

Dust and damp proof flange mounting

This mounting is used to reduce the power dissipated in the enclosure by locating the power section outside the enclosure. This requires the use of a dust and damp proof flange mounting kit VW3 A9 501...509 (please refer to the catalog). The degree of protection for the drives mounted in this way becomes IP54.

To fit the kit to the drive, please refer to the manual supplied with the kit.



Example: ATV61HU55N4

Power dissipated inside the enclosure for dust and damp proof flange mounting

These power ratings are given for operation at nominal load and for the factory-set switching frequency.

ATV61H	Dissipated power (1)
	W
075M3	28
U15M3	35
U22M3	39
U30M3	41
U40M3	48
U55M3	71
U75M3	81
D11M3X	120
D15M3X	137
D18M3X	291
D22M3X	294
D30M3X	368
D37M3X	447
D45M3X	452

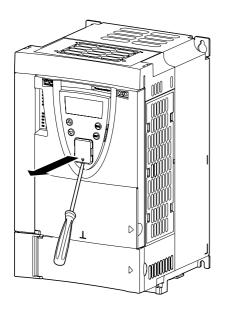
ATV61H	Dissipated power (1)
	W
075N4	28
U15N4	31
U22N4	35
U30N4	43
U40N4	48
U55N4	54
U75N4	64
D11N4	76
D15N4	100
D18N4	134
D22N4	298
D30N4	354
D37N4	441
D45N4	538
D55N4	592
D75N4	958

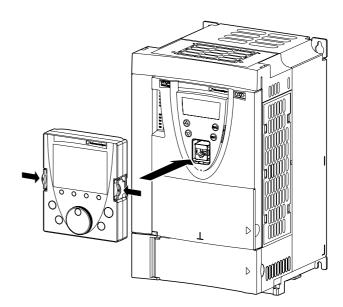
(1) Add 7W to this value for each option card added

Installing the graphic display terminal

Installing the graphic display terminal on the drive

Drives with catalog numbers ending in the letter Z are supplied without a graphic display terminal (VW3 A1 101). This can be ordered separately.
It is installed on the drive as shown below.



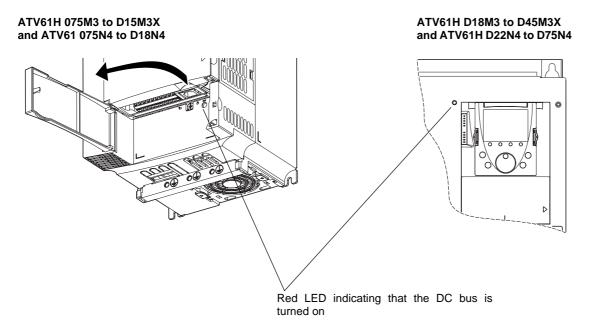


The graphic display terminal can be connected or disconnected with the power on. Before disconnecting it, drive control via the display terminal must be disabled (refer to the Programming Manual).

Position of the charging LED

Before working on the drive, turn it off, wait until the red capacitor charging LED has gone out, then measure the DC bus voltage.

Position of the capacitor charging LED



Procedure for measuring the DC voltage

A DANGER

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE

Read and understand the instructions on page 4 before performing this procedure.

Failure to follow this instruction will result in death or serious injury.

The DC bus voltage can exceed 1,000 V —. Use a properly rated voltage sensing device when performing this procedure. To measure the DC bus voltage:

- 1 Disconnect the drive power supply.
- 2 Wait 15 minutes to allow the DC bus capacitors to discharge.
- 3 Measure the voltage of the DC bus between the PA/+ and PC/- terminals to check whether the voltage is less than 45 V —. See page 23 for the arrangement of the power terminals.
- 4 If the DC bus capacitors have not discharged completely, contact your local Schneider Electric representative (do not repair or operate the drive).

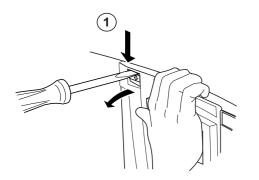
Installing option cards

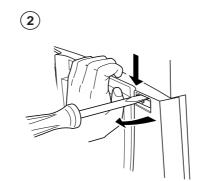
These should ideally be installed once the drive is mounted and before wiring it.

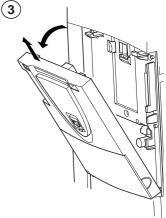
Check that the red capacitor charging LED has gone out. Measure the DC bus voltage in accordance with the procedure indicated on

The option cards are installed under the drive control front panel. If the drive has a graphic display terminal, remove it, then remove the control front panel as indicated below.

Remove the control front panel







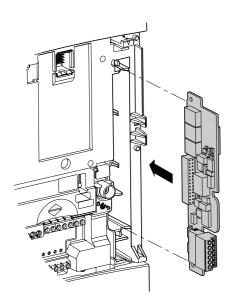
• Using a screwdriver, press down on the catch and pull to release the lefthand part of the control front panel

Do the same on the right-hand side

Pivot the control front panel and remove it

Installing an encoder interface card

There is a special slot on the drive for adding an encoder interface card.

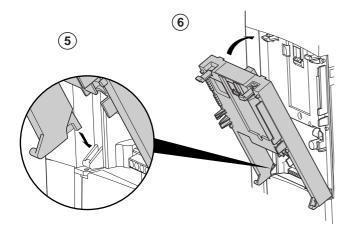




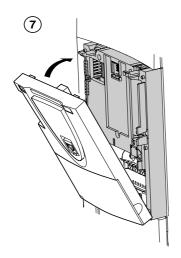
If an I/O or communication option card or a "Controller Inside" programmable card has already been installed, remove it so you can access the slot for the encoder interface card.

Installing option cards

Installing an I/O extension card, a communication card or a "Controller Inside" programmable card



- 4 Install an encoder interface card (if used) (see previous page)
- (5) Position the option card on the clasps
- (6) Then pivot it until it clicks into place

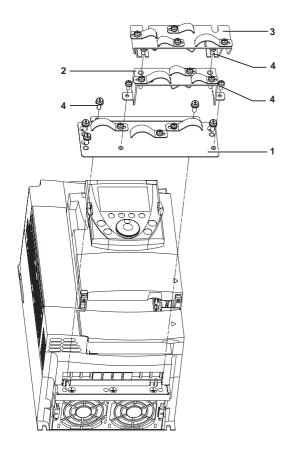


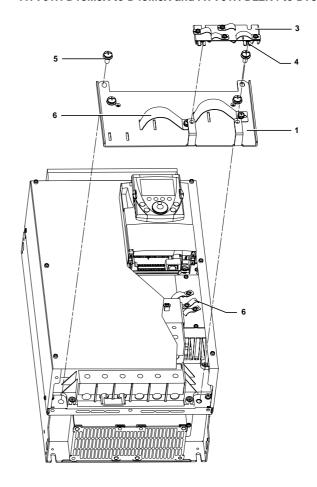
 \bigcirc Replace the control front panel over the option card (same procedure as for installing the option card, see \bigcirc and \bigcirc)

Installing the EMC plates

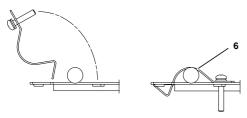
ATV61H 075M3 to D15M3X and ATV61H 075N4 to D18N4

ATV61H D18M3X to D45M3X and ATV61H D22N4 to D75N4

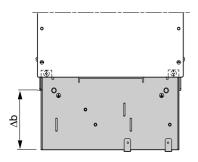




Installing the EMC clamps



- 1 EMC plate for connecting the power cables
 2 EMC plate for connecting the control cables (only for ATV61H 075M3 to D15M3X and ATV61H 075N4 to D18N4)
 3 EMC plate for connecting the I/O option card cables (supplied with the option cards)
- 4 M4 screws (supplied)
- 5 M8 screws (supplied)6 EMC clamps with captive screws (supplied)



ATV61H	Δb		
	mm	in.	
075M3, U15M3,U22M3, U30N4, U40M3, 075N4, U15N4, U22N4, U30N4, U40N4	55	2.17	
U55M3, U75M3, D11M3X, D15M3X, U55N4, U75N4, D11N4, D15N4, D18N4	65	2.56	
D18M3X, D22M3X, D22N4, D30N4, D37N4D30M3X, D37M3X, D45M3X, D45N4, D55N4, D75N4	120	4.72	

Wiring recommendations

Power

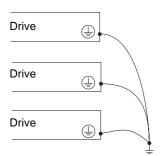
The drive must be connected to the protective ground. To comply with current regulations concerning high leakage currents (above 3.5 mA), use at least a 10 mm² (AWG 6) protective conductor or 2 protective conductors with the same cross-section as the power supply conductors.

DANGER

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE

Ground equipment using the provided ground connecting point as shown in the figure below. The drive panel must be properly grounded before power is applied.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.



· Check whether the resistance to the protective ground is one ohm or less. Connect a number of drives to the protective ground, as shown in the diagram (see left). Do not lay protective grounding cables in a loop or in series.

▲ WARNING

IMPROPER WIRING PRACTICES

- The ATV61 drive will be damaged if input line voltage is applied to the output terminals (U/T1,V/T2,W/T3).
- Check the power connections before energizing the ATV61 drive.
- If replacing another drive, verify that all wiring connections to the ATV61 drive comply with all wiring instructions in this

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.

When upstream protection by means of a "residual current device" is required by the installation standards, a type A device should be used for single-phase drives and type B for three-phase drives. Choose a suitable model integrating:

- · HF current filtering
- A time delay which prevents tripping caused by the load from stray capacitance on power-up. The time delay is not possible for 30 mA devices. In this case, choose devices with immunity against nuisance tripping, for example "residual current devices" with reinforced immunity from the s.i range (Merlin Gerin brand).

If the installation includes several drives, provide one residual current device per drive.



WARNING

INADEQUATE OVERCURRENT PROTECTION

- Overcurrent protective devices must be properly coordinated.
- · The Canadian Electricity Code and the National Electrical Code require branch circuit protection. Use the fuses recommended on the drive nameplate to achieve published short-circuit current ratings.
- Do not connect the drive to a power feeder whose short-circuit capacity exceeds the drive short-circuit current rating listed on the drive nameplate.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.

Wiring recommendations

Keep the power cables separate from circuits in the installation with low-level signals (sensors, PLCs, measuring apparatus, video, telephone).

The motor cables must be at least 0.5 m (20 in.) long.

Do not immerse the motor cables in water.

Do not use surge arresters or power factor correction capacitors on the variable speed drive output.

CAUTION

IMPROPER USE OF A BRAKING RESISTOR

- · Only use the braking resistors recommended in our catalogs.
- Wire the thermal protection contact on the resistor so that the drive power supply is disconnected immediately in the event of a fault (refer to the manual supplied with the resistor).

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

Control

Keep the control circuits away from the power circuits. For control and speed reference circuits, we recommend using shielded twisted cables with a pitch of between 25 and 50 mm (0.98 and 1.97 in.) and connecting the shielding to ground at each end.

If using conduit, do not lay the motor, power supply and control cables in the same conduit. Keep the metal conduit containing the power supply cables at least 8 cm (3 in.) away from the metal conduit containing the control cables. Keep the non-metal conduits or cable ducts containing the power supply cables at least 31 cm (12 in.) away from the metal conduits containing the control cables. If it is necessary for control and power cables to cross each other, be sure they cross at right angles.

Length of motor cables

ATV61H		0 m (0 ft)	50 m (164 ft)	100 m (328 ft)	150 m (492 ft)	300 m (984 ft)	1,000 m (3,280 ft)
075M3 to U75M3	Shielded cable						
075N4 to D15N4	Unshielded cable						
D11M3X to D45M3X	Shielded cable						
D18N4 to D75N4	Unshielded cable						

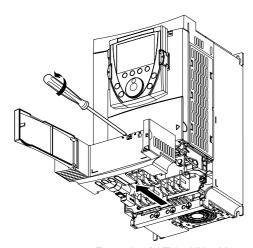
with dv/dt filters

with output filters

Choice of associated components:

Access to the power terminals

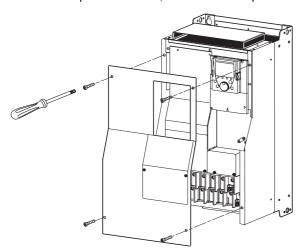
ATV61 H075M3 to HD15M3X and ATV61 H075N4 to HD18N4 Unlock the power part access flap and remove it as shown below.



Example of ATV61HU22M3

ATV61 HD18M3X to HD45M3X and ATV61 HD22N4 and HD75N4

To access the power terminals, remove the front panel as shown below.



Example of ATV61HD75N4

Characteristics and functions of the power terminals

Terminal	Function
Ť	Protective ground connection terminal
R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	Power supply
PO	DC bus + polarity
PA/+	Output to braking resistor (+ polarity)
PB	Output to braking resistor
PC/-	DC bus - polarity
U/T1 V/T2 W/T3	Outputs to the motor

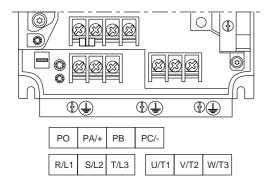


Only remove the link between PO and PA/+ if a DC choke has been added. The screws on the PO and PA/+ terminals must always be fully tightened as there is a high current flowing in the commoning link.

Power terminals

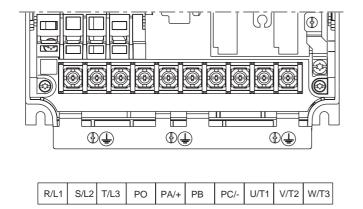
Arrangement of the power terminals

ATV61H 075M3, U15M3, U22M3, U30M3, U40M3, 075N4, U15N4, U22N4, U30N4, U40N4



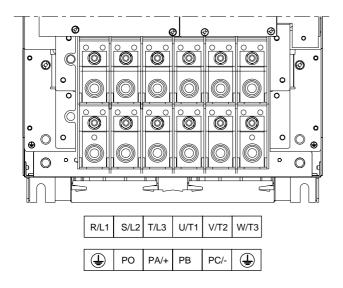
ATV61H	Maximum wire size		Tightening torque
	mm²	AWG	Nm (lb.in)
075M3, U15M3, 075N4, U15N4, U22N4	2.5	14	1.2 (10.6)
U22M3, U30M3, U40M3, U30N4, U40N4	6	8	1.2 (10.6)

ATV61H U55M3, U75M3, D11M3X, D15M3X, U55N4, U75N4, D11N4, D15N4, D18N4



ATV61H		um wire ze	Tightening torque
	mm²	AWG	Nm (lb.in)
U55M3, U55N4, U75N4	10	6	2 (17.7)
U75M3, D11N4	16	4	2.4 (21)
D11M3X, D15M3X, D15N4, D18N4	35	1	2.4 (21)

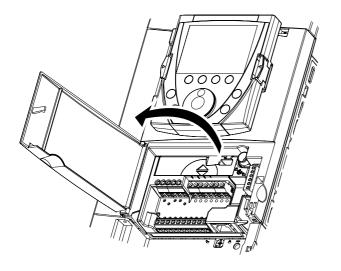
ATV61H D18M3X, D22M3X, D30M3X, D37M3X, D45M3X, D22N4, D30N4, D37N4, D45N4, D55N4, D75N4



ATV61H	Maximum wire size		Tightening torque
	mm²	AWG	Nm (lb.in)
D18M3X, D22M3X, D22N4, D30N4, D37N4	50	1/0	6 (53)

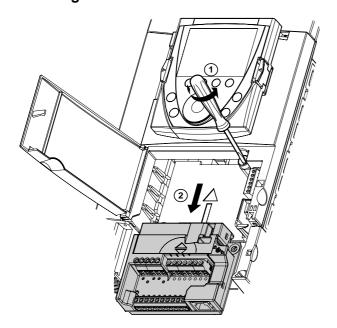
ATV61H	Maximum wire size		Tightening torque
	mm²	kcmils	Nm (lb.in)
D30M3X, D37M3X, D45M3X, D45N4, D55N4, D75N4	120	350	19 (168)

Access to the control terminals



To access the control terminals, open the cover on the control front panel.

Removing the terminal card



To make it easier to wire the drive control section, the control terminal card can be removed.

- Undo the screw until the spring is fully extended
- Remove the card by sliding it downwards

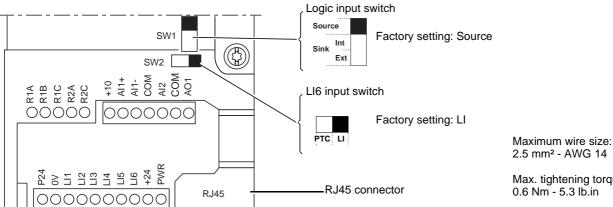
CAUTION

IMPROPERLY SECURED TERMINAL CARD

When replacing the control terminal card, it is essential to fully tighten the captive screw.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

Arrangement of the control terminals



2.5 mm² - AWG 14

Max. tightening torque: 0.6 Nm - 5.3 lb.in

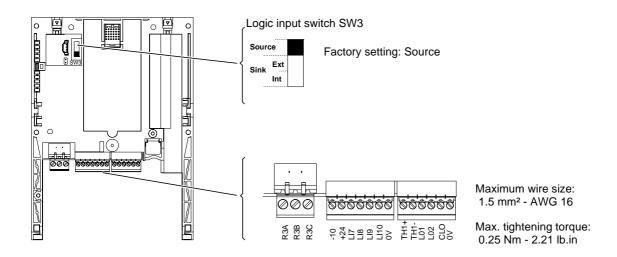
Note: The ATV61 is supplied with a link between the PWR and +24 terminals.

Control terminals

Characteristics and functions of the control terminals

Terminal	Function	Electrical characteristics	
R1A	Common point C/O contact (R1C) of	Minimum switching capacity: 3 mA	
R1B	programmable relay R1	Maximum switching capacity on re A for 250 V	sistive load:
R1C	N/O	5 A for 250 V ∼ or 30 V == • Maximum switching current on ind	uctive load (cos $\varphi = 0.4 \text{ L/R} = 7 \text{ ms}$):
R2A R2C	N/O contact of programmable relay R2	2 A for 250 V \sim or 30 V $=$	dolive load (000 $\psi = 0.4 \text{ E/K} = 7 \text{ His}).$
IX20		 Reaction time: 7 ms ± 0.5 ms 	
		Service life: 100,000 operations at	max. switching power
+10	+ 10 V \equiv power supply for reference potentiometer 1 to 10 k Ω	 + 10 V == (10.5 V ± 0.5V) 10 mA max. 	
Al1+	Differential analog input AI1	• -10 to +10 V (max. safe voltage	24 V)
AI1 -		 Reaction time: 2 ms ± 0.5 ms, 11-l 	oit resolution + 1 sign bit 40°F), linearity ± 0.15% of max. value
COM	Analog I/O common	0V	
Al2	Depending on software configuration: Analog voltage input or	or	safe voltage 24 V), impedance 30 kΩ
	Analog current input	 Reaction time: 2 ms ± 0.5 ms 	be programmed from 0 to 20 mA, impedance 250 Ω for $\Delta\theta$ = 60°C (140°F), linearity ± 0.15% of max.
COM	Analog I/O common	0V	
AO1	Depending on software configuration: Analog voltage output or Analog current output	 Analog output 0 to +10 V, load impedance greater than 50 kΩ or Analog output X - Y mA, X and Y can be programmed from 0 to 20 mA, max. load impedance 500 Ω 	
		 10-bit resolution, reaction time: 2 r Accuracy ± 1% for Δθ = 60°C (140 	
P24	Input for external +24V === control power supply	 +24 V — (min. 19 V, max. 30 V) Power 30 Watts 	
0V	Logic input common and 0V of P24 external power supply	0V	
LI1	Programmable logic inputs	• +24 V == (max. 30 V)	SW1 switch State 0 State 1
LI2 LI3		 Impedance 3.5 kΩ Reaction time: 2 ms ± 0.5 ms 	Source (factory setting) < 5 V > 11 V
LI4 LI5		Reaction time. 2 ms ± 0.5 ms	Sink Int or Sink Ext > 16 V == < 10 V ==
LI6	Depending on the position of the SW2		
LIO	switch Programmable logic input	SW2 switch on LI (factory setting) • Same characteristics as logic inpu	ts LI1 to LI5
	or	or SW2 switch on PTC	
	- Input for PTC probes	 Trip threshold 3 kΩ, reset threshol Short-circuit detection threshold 	d 1.8 k Ω 50 Ω
+24	Logic input power supply	SW1 switch in Source or Sink Int position + +24 V — power supply (min. 21 V, max. 27 V), protected against short-circuits and overloads Max. current available for customers 200 mA	
		SW1 switch in Sink Ext position • Input for external +24 V — power	supply for the logic inputs
PWR	Power Removal safety function input When PWR is not connected to the 24V, the motor cannot be started (compliance with functional safety standard EN 954-1 and IEC/EN 61508)	 Input for external +24 V = power supply for the logic inputs 24 V = power supply (max. 30 V) Impedance 1.5 kΩ State 0 if < 2V, state 1 if > 17V Reaction time: 10ms 	

Logic I/O option card terminals (VW3 A3 201)



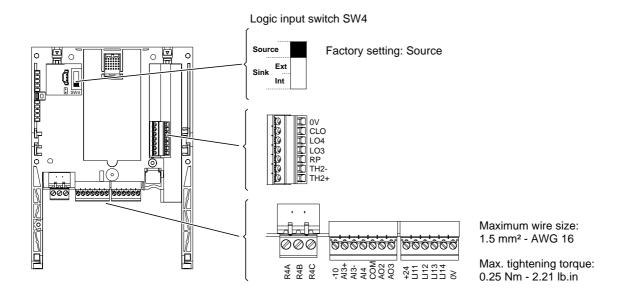
Characteristics and functions of the terminals

Terminal	Function	Electrical characteristics
R3A R3B R3C	Common point C/O contact R3C of programmable relay R3	 Minimum switching capacity: 3mA for 24 V Maximum switching capacity on resistive load: 5 A for 250 V ~ or 30 V Maximum switching capacity on inductive load (cos φ = 0.4 L/R = 7 ms): 2 A for 250 V ~ or 30 V Reaction time: 7 ms ± 0.5 ms Service life: 100,000 operations

-10	-10 V $\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}$ power supply for reference potentiometer 1 to 10 k Ω	• - 10 V (-10.5 V ± 0.5V) • 10 mA max.			
+24	Logic input power supply	 SW3 switch in Source or Sink Int posit +24 V — power supply (min. 21 V, roverloads Max. current available for customers consumption on the control card +24 SW3 switch in Sink Ext position Input for external +24 V — power supplies 	max. 27 V), protected agass 200 mA (This current co 4 and the option cards +2	rresponds	
LI7 LI8 LI9 LI10	Programmable logic inputs	 +24 V == power supply (max. 30 V) Impedance 3.5 kΩ Reaction time 2 ms ± 0.5 ms 	Switch SW3 Source (factory setting) Sink Int or Sink Ext		State 1 > 11 V == < 10 V ==
0 V	0 V	0 V			

TH1+ TH1-	PTC probe input	• Trip threshold 3 k Ω , reset threshold 1.8 k Ω • Short-circuit detection threshold < 50 Ω
LO1 LO2	Open collector programmable logic outputs	 +24 V (max. 30 V) Max. current 200 mA for internal power supply and 200 mA for external power supply Reaction time: 2 ms ± 0.5 ms
CLO	Logic output common	
0V	0 V	0 V

Extended I/O option card terminals (VW3 A3 202)



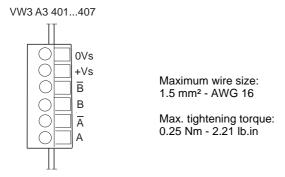
Characteristics and functions of the terminals

Terminal	Function	Electrical characteristics
R4A R4B R4C	Common point C/O contact R4C of programmable relay R4	 Minimum switching capacity: 3mA for 24 V Maximum switching capacity on resistive load: 5 A for 250 V ~ or 30 V Maximum switching capacity on inductive load (cos φ = 0.4 L/R = 7 ms): 1.5 A for 250 V ~ or 30 V Reaction time 10 ms ± 1ms Service life: 100,000 operations

-10	-10 V $=$ power supply for reference potentiometer 1 to 10 k Ω	 - 10 V — (-10.5 V ± 0.5V) 10 mA max.
AI3 +	+ polarity of the current differential analog input Al3	Analog input X - Y mA, X and Y can be programmed from 0 to 20 mA, impedance 250 Ω
Al3 -	- polarity of the current differential analog input Al3	 Reaction time: 5 ms ± 1 ms 11-bit resolution + 1 sign bit, accuracy ± 0.6% for Δθ = 60°C (140°F) Linearity ± 0.15% of max. value
Al4	Depending on software configuration: Analog current input or Analog voltage input	 Analog input 0 to +10 V — (max. safe voltage 24 V), impedance 30 kΩ or Analog input X - Y mA, X and Y can be programmed from 0 to 20 mA, impedance 250 Ω Reaction time: 5 ms ± 1 ms 11-bit resolution, accuracy ± 0.6% for Δθ = 60°C (140°F), linearity ± 0.15% of max. value
COM	Analog I/O common	0 V
AO2 AO3	Depending on software configuration: Analog voltage outputs or Analog current outputs	 0 - 10 V == bipolar analog output or -10/+10 V == depending on software, load impedance greater than 50 kΩ or Analog current output X-Y mA, X and Y can be programmed from 0 to 20 mA, max. load impedance 500 Ω 10-bit resolution Reaction time 5 ms ± 1 ms, accuracy ± 1% for Δθ = 60°C (140°F), linearity ± 0.2%

Terminal	Function	Electrical characteristics				
+24	Logic input power supply	 SW4 switch in Source or Sink Int position +24 V — output (min. 21 V, max. 27 V), protected against short-circuits and overload. Max. current available for customers 200 mA (This current corresponds to the total consumption on the control card +24 and the option cards +24) SW4 switch in Sink Ext position Input for external +24 V — power supply for the logic inputs 				
LI11 LI12	Programmable logic inputs	 +24 V == (max. 30 V) Impedance 3.5 kΩ 	SW4 switch	State 0	State 1	
LI13 LI14		• Reaction time: 5 ms ± 1 ms	Source (factory setting)	< 5 V	> 11 V	
			Sink Int or Sink Ext	> 16 V	< 10 V	
0V	Logic input common	0 V				
TH2 + TH2 -	PTC probe input	 Trip threshold 3 kΩ, reset threshold Short-circuit detection threshold < 5 				
RP	Frequency input	 Frequency range: 030 kHz Cyclic ratio: 50 % ± 10 % Maximum sampling time: 5 ms ± 1 ms Maximum input voltage 30 V, 15 mA Add a resistor if the input voltage is greater than 5 V (510 Ω for 12 V, 910 Ω for 15 V, 1.3 kΩ for 24 V) State 0 if < 1.2 V, state 1 if > 3.5 V 				
LO3 LO4	Open collector programmable logic outputs	 +24 V == (max. 30 V) Max. current 20 mA for internal power supply and 200 mA for external power supply Reaction time 5 ms ± 1ms 				
CLO	Logic output common					
ΩV	0 V	0 V				

Encoder interface card terminals



Characteristics and functions of the terminals

Encoder interface cards with RS422-compatible differential outputs

Terminal	Function	Electrical characteristics			
		VW3 A3 401	VW3 A3 402		
+Vs	Encoder power	, , , ,	• 15 V = (max. 16 V) protected against short-circuits		
0Vs	supply	and overloads	and overloads		
		Max. current 200 mA	Max. current 175 mA		
A, /A B, /B	Incremental logic inputs	Max. resolution: 5,000 points/rev Max. frequency: 300kHz			

Encoder interface cards with open collector outputs

Terminal	Function	Electrical characteristics			
		VW3 A3 403	VW3 A3 404		
+Vs 0Vs	Encoder power supply	 12 V == (max. 13 V) protected against short-circuits and overloads Max. current 175 mA 	 15 V — (max. 16 V) protected against short-circuits and overloads Max. current 175 mA 		
A, /A B, /B	Incremental logic inputs	Max. resolution: 5,000 points/revMax. frequency: 300kHz			

Encoder interface cards with push-pull outputs

Terminal	Function	Electrical characteristics			
		VW3 A3 405	VW3 A3 406	VW3 A3 407	
+Vs 0Vs	Encoder power supply	 12 V — (max. 13 V) protected against short-circuits and overloads Max. current 175 mA 	 15 V == (max. 16 V) protected against short-circuits and overloads Max. current 175 mA 	 24V == (min. 20V, max. 30V) protected against short-circuits and overloads Max. current 100 mA 	
A, /A B, /B	Incremental logic inputs	Max. resolution: 5,000 points/revMax. frequency: 300kHz			

Selecting the encoder

The 7 encoder interface cards available as options with the ATV61 enable three different encoder technologies to be used:

- Optical incremental encoder with differential outputs compatible with the RS422 standard
- · Optical incremental encoder with open collector outputs
- Optical incremental encoder with push pull-outputs

The encoder must comply with the following two limits:

- Maximum encoder frequency 300 kHz
- Maximum resolution 5,000 points/revolution

Choose the max. standard resolution within these two limits to obtain optimum accuracy.

Wiring the encoder

Use a shielded cable containing 3 twisted pairs with a pitch of between 25 and 50 mm (0.98 in. and 1.97 in.). Connect the shielding to ground at both ends.

The minimum cross-section of the conductors must comply with the table below to limit line voltage drop:

Max. encoder	VW3 A3 401402			VW3 A3 403407		
cable length	Max. consumption current of encoder	Minimum cross-section of conductors		Max. consumption current of encoder	Minimum cross-section of conductors	
10 m	100 mA	0.2 mm ²	AWG 24	100 mA	0.2 mm ²	AWG 24
32.8 ft	200 mA	0.2 mm ²	AWG 24	200 mA	0.2 mm ²	AWG 24
50 m	100 mA	0.5 mm ²	AWG 20	100 mA	0.5 mm ²	AWG 20
164 ft	200 mA	0.75 mm ²	AWG 18	200 mA	0.75 mm ²	AWG 18
100 m	100 mA	0.75 mm ²	AWG 18	100 mA	0.75 mm ²	AWG 18
328 ft	200 mA	1.5 mm ²	AWG 15	200 mA	1.5 mm ²	AWG 16
200 m	-	-	-	100 mA	0.5 mm ²	AWG 20
656 ft	-	-	-	200 mA	1.5 mm ²	AWG 15
300 m	-	-	-	100 mA	0.75 mm ²	AWG 18
984 ft	-	-	-	200 mA	1.5 mm ²	AWG 15

Connection diagrams conforming to standards EN 954-1 category 1 and IEC/EN 61508 capacity SIL1, stopping category 0 in accordance with standard IEC/EN 60204 1

Single-phase power supply (ATV61H 075M3 to U75M3)

Diagram with line contactor

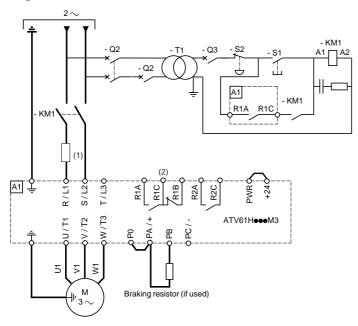
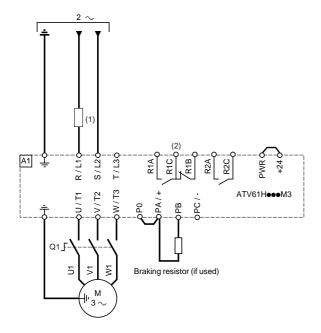


Diagram with switch disconnect



- (1) Line choke, if used (compulsory for ATV61H U40M3 to U75M3 drives)
- (2) Fault relay contacts, for remote signaling of drive status

Inhibit the input phase loss fault (IPL) so that ATV61H 075M3 to U75M3 drives can operate on a single-phase supply (see the Programming Manual). If this fault is set to its factory configuration, the drive will stay locked in fault mode.

Note: Install interference suppressors on all inductive circuits near the drive or connected to the same circuit (relays, contactors, solenoid valves, etc).

Choice of associated components:

Connection diagrams conforming to standards EN 954-1 category 1 and IEC/EN 61508 capacity SIL1, stopping category 0 in accordance with standard IEC/EN 60204-1

Three-phase power supply

Diagram with line contactor

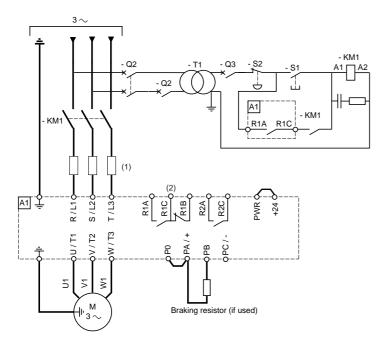
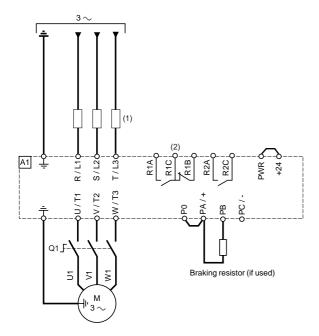


Diagram with switch disconnect



- (1) Line choke (if used)
- (2) Fault relay contacts, for remote signaling of drive status

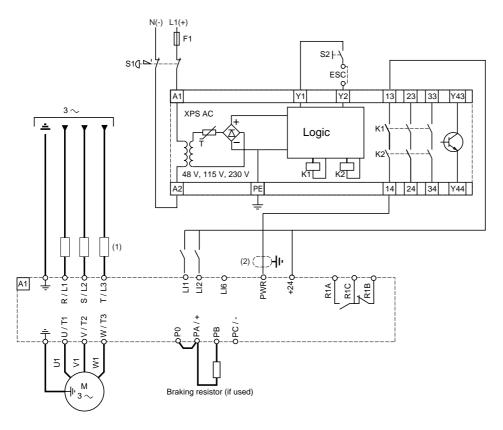
Note: Fit interference suppressors to all inductive circuits near the drive or coupled to the same circuit (relays, contactors, solenoid valves, etc.)

Choice of associated components:

Connection diagrams conforming to standards EN 954-1 category 3 and IEC/EN 61508 capacity SIL2, stopping category 0 in accordance with standard IEC/EN 60204-1

This connection diagram is suitable for use with machines with a short freewheel stop time (machines with low inertia or high resistive torque).

When the stop request is activated, the motor power supply is cut immediately and it stops is accordance with category 0 of standard IEC/EN 60204-1.



- (1) Line choke (if used)
- (2) It is essential to connect the shielding on the cable connected to the Power Removal input to ground.
 - Standard EN 954-1 category 3 requires the use of a stop button with double contact (S1).
 - S1 is used to activate the Power Removal safety function.
 - S2 is used to initialize the Preventa module when powering up or after an emergency stop. ESC enables the use of other initialization conditions for the module.
 - One Preventa module can be used for the Power Removal safety function on several ATV61 drives.
 - A logic input on the Preventa module can be used to indicate safely that the drive is operating in safe conditions.

Note:

For preventive maintenance, the Power Removal function must be activated at least once a year.

The drive power supply must be turned off and then on again before carrying out this preventive maintenance.

The drive logic output signals cannot be considered as safety-type signals.

Fit interference suppressors to all inductive circuits near the drive or coupled to the same circuit (relays, contactors, solenoid valves, etc).

Choice of associated components:

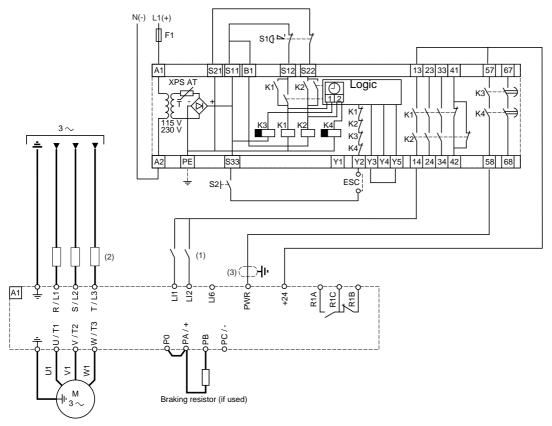
Connection diagrams conforming to standards EN 954-1 category 3 and IEC/EN 61508 capacity SIL2, stopping category 1 in accordance with standard IEC/EN 60204-1

This connection diagram is suitable for use with machines with a long freewheel stop time (machines with high inertia or low resistive torque).

When the stop request is activated, deceleration of the motor, controlled by the drive, is requested first. Then, after a time delay corresponding to the deceleration time, the Power Removal safety function is activated.

Example:

- 2-wire control
- LI1 assigned to forward
- LI2 assigned to reverse



- (1) In this example, the logic inputs LI● are wired as "Source" but can be wired as "Sink Int" or "Sink Ext".
- (2) Line choke (if used)
- (3) It is essential to connect the shielding on the cable connected to the Power Removal input to ground.
 - Standard EN 954-1 category 3 requires the use of a stop button with double contact (S1).
 - S1 is used to activate the Power Removal safety function.
 - S2 is used to initialize the Preventa module when powering up or after an emergency stop. ESC enables the use of other initialization conditions for the module.
 - One Preventa module can be used for the Power Removal safety function on several ATV61 drives. In this case the time delay must be set to the longest stopping time.
 - A logic input on the Preventa module can be used to indicate safely that the drive is operating in safe conditions.

Note:

For preventive maintenance, the Power Removal function must be activated at least once a year.

The drive power supply must be turned off and then on again before carrying out this preventive maintenance.

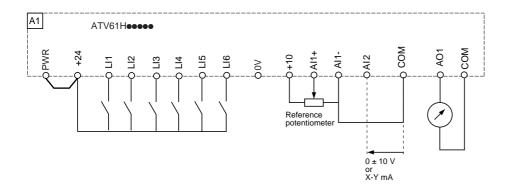
The drive logic output signals cannot be considered as safety-type signals.

Fit interference suppressors to all inductive circuits near the drive or coupled to the same circuit (relays, contactors, solenoid valves, etc).

Choice of associated components:

Control connection diagrams

Control card connection diagram

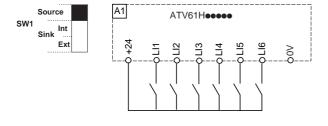


Logic input switch (SW1)

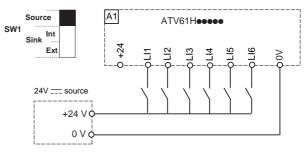
The logic input switch (SW1) is used to adapt the operation of the logic inputs to the technology of the programmable controller outputs.

• Set the switch to Source (factory setting) if using PLC outputs with PNP transistors.

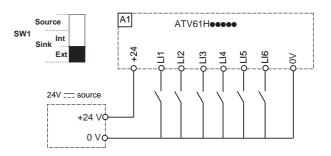
- Set the switch to Sink Int or Sink Ext if using PLC outputs with NPN transistors.
- SW1 switch set to "Source" position



• SW1 switch set to "Source" position and use of an external power supply for the LIs



- SW1 switch set to "Sink Int" position
- Source ATV61H SW1 Int Ext
- SW1 switch set to "Sink Ext" position



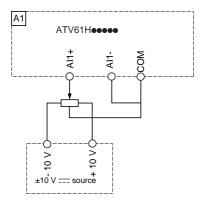
WARNING

Unintended Equipment Operation

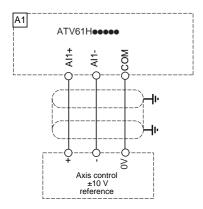
• When the SW1 switch is set to "Sink Int" or "Sink Ext", the common must never be connected to ground or the protective ground, as there is then a risk of unintended equipment operation on the first insulation fault.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in death or serious injury.

Bipolar speed reference



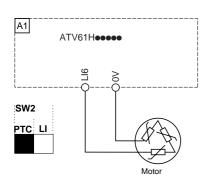
Speed reference using axis control



SW2 switch

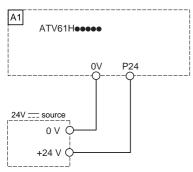
The LI6 logic input switch (SW2) makes it possible to use the LI6 input:

- either as a logic input by setting the switch to LI (factory setting)
- or for motor protection via PTC probes by setting the switch to PTC



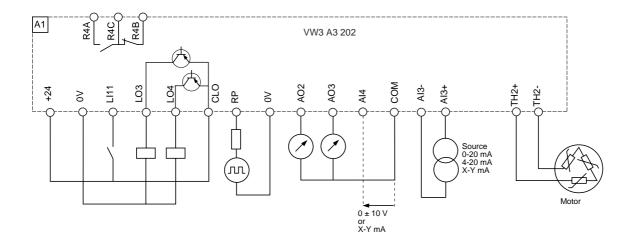
Control power supply via an external source

The control card can be supplied via an external +24V == source

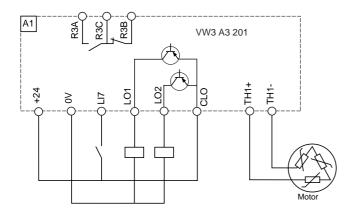


I/O extension card connection diagrams

Connection diagram for extended I/O option card (VW3 A3 202)

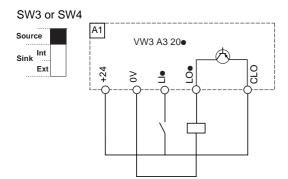


Connection diagram for logic I/O option card (VW3 A3 201)

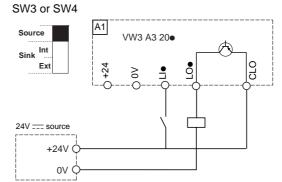


SW3/SW4 logic I/O switch

• Switch in "Source" position

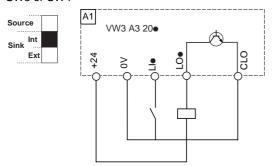


- Switch in "Source" position and use of an external +24 V $_{--}$ source

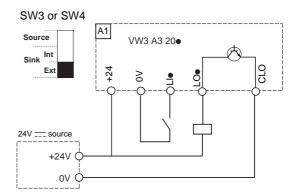


• Switch in "Sink Int" position

SW3 or SW4



• Switch in "Sink Ext" position





WARNING

Unintended Equipment Operation

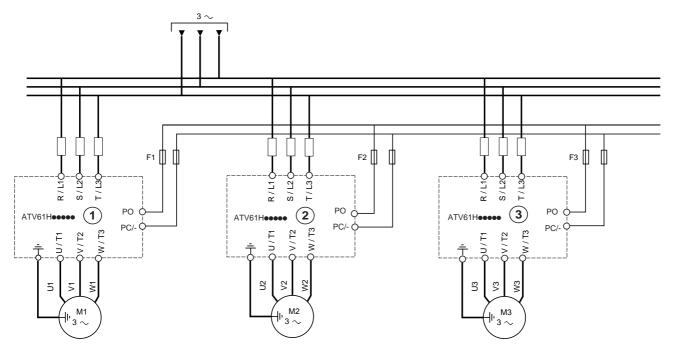
• When the SW3 or SW4 switches are set to "Sink Int" or "Sink Ext", the common must never be connected to ground or the protective ground, as there is then a risk of accidental starting on the first insulation fault.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in death or serious injury.

Connection of several drives in parallel on the DC bus

Connection in parallel on the DC bus is recommended in applications for which full motor power must be guaranteed.

Each drive uses its own charging circuit



Drives (1), (2) and (3) must not be more than one size apart when they are connected in this way.

F1, F2, F3: fast-acting semiconductor fuses for protection on the DC bus side.

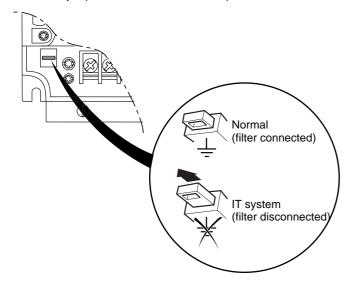
Operation on an IT system

IT system: Isolated or impedance grounded neutral.

Use a permanent insulation monitor compatible with non-linear loads, such as a Merlin Gerin type XM200 or equivalent.

Altivar 61 drives feature built-in RFI filters. These filters can be isolated from ground for operation on an IT system as follows:

Remove the jumper located to the left of the power terminals



CAUTION

When the filters are disconnected, the drive switching frequency must not exceed 4 kHz. Refer to the programming manual for the corresponding parameter setting.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

Electromagnetic compatibility, wiring

Electromagnetic compatibility

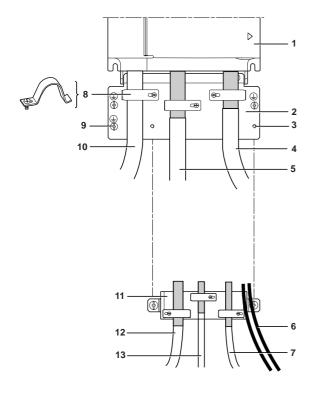
Principle

- · Grounds between thedrive, motor and cable shielding must have "high frequency" equipotentiality.
- Use of shielded cables with shielding connected to ground at both ends for the motor cables, braking resistor (if used) and control-signal wiring. Conduits or metal ducting can be used for part of the shielding length provided that there is no break in continuity.
- · Ensure maximum separation between the power supply cable (line supply) and the motor cable.

Installation diagram

ATV61H 075M3 to D15M3X and ATV61H 075N4 to D18N4

- Attach and ground the shielding of cables 4 and 5 as close as possible to the drive:
 - Strip the shielding.
 - Use stainless steel metal clamps on the parts from which the shielding has been stripped, to attach them to the metal plate 2. The shielding must be clamped tightly enough to the metal plate to ensure correct contact.
- Install the control EMC plate 11 on the sheet steel grounded plate 2, as shown in the diagram.
- Attach and ground the shielding of cables 7, 12 and 13 as close as possible to the drive:
 - Strip the shielding
 - Use stainless steel metal clamps on the parts from which the shielding has been stripped, to attach them to the control EMC flange 9. The shielding must be clamped tightly enough to the metal plate to ensure correct contact.



- 1 Altivar 61
- 2 Sheet steel grounded plate supplied with the drive
- 3 Tapped holes for installing the control EMC plate.
- **4** Shielded cable for motor connection with shielding connected to ground at both ends. The shielding must be continuous and intermediate terminals must be in EMC shielded metal boxes.
- **5** Shielded cable for connecting the braking resistor (if used). The shielding must be continuous and intermediate terminals must be in EMC shielded metal boxes.
- 6 Non-shielded wires for relay contact output.
- **7** Shielded cables for connecting the Power Removal safety function input. The shielding must be continuous and intermediate terminals must be in EMC shielded metal boxes.
- 8 Metal clamps
- 9 Connection to the protective ground
- 10 Unshielded power supply wires or cable
- 11 Control EMC plate
- **12** Shielded cables for connecting the control-signal cables. For applications requiring several conductors, use cables with a small cross-section (0.5 mm² AWG 20).
- 13 Shielded cables for connecting the encoder. The shielding must be continuous and intermediate terminals must be in EMC shielded metal boxes.

Note:

- If using an additional input filter, it should be mounted under the drive and connected directly to the line supply via an unshielded cable. Link 10 on the drive is then via the filter output cable.
- The HF equipotential ground connection between the drive, motor and cable shielding does not remove the need to connect the PE protective conductors (green-yellow) to the appropriate terminals on each unit.

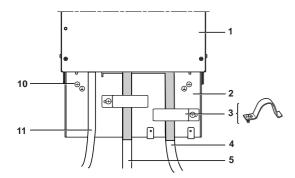
Electromagnetic compatibility, wiring

Installation diagram

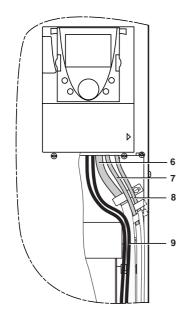
ATV61H D18M3X to D45M3X and ATV61H D22N4 to D75N4

Attach and ground the shielding of cables 4 and 5 as close as possible to the drive:

- Strip the shielding.
- Use stainless steel metal clamps on the parts from which the shielding has been stripped, to attach them to the metal plate 2. The shielding must be clamped tightly enough to the metal plate to ensure correct contact.
- Attach and ground the shielding of cables 6, 7 and 8 as close as possible to the drive:
 - Strip the shielding.
 - Use stainless steel metal clamps on the parts from which the shielding has been stripped, to attach them to the drive. The shielding must be clamped tightly enough to the metal plate to ensure correct contact.



- 1 Altivar 61
- 2 Sheet steel grounded plate supplied with the drive
- 3 Metal clamps
- **4** Shielded cable for motor connection with shielding connected to ground at both ends. The shielding must be continuous and intermediate terminals must be in EMC shielded metal boxes.
- **5** Shielded cable for connecting the braking resistor (if used). The shielding must be continuous and intermediate terminals must be in EMC shielded metal boxes.
- **6** Shielded cables for connecting the control-signal cables. For applications requiring several conductors, use cables with a small cross-section (0.5 mm² AWG 20).
- **7** Shielded cables for connecting the Power Removal safety function input. The shielding must be continuous and intermediate terminals must be in EMC shielded metal boxes.
- **8** Shielded cables for connecting the encoder. The shielding must be continuous and intermediate terminals must be in EMC shielded metal boxes.
- 9 Non-shielded wires for relay contact output.
- 10 Connection to the protective ground
- 11 Unshielded power supply wires or cable



Note:

- If using an additional input filter, it should be mounted under the drive and connected directly to the line supply via an unshielded cable. Link 4 on the drive is then via the filter output cable.
- The HF equipotential ground connection between the drive, motor and cable shielding does not remove the need to connect the PE protective conductors (green-yellow) to the appropriate terminals on each unit.

